



Recommendation 2010 (2013)¹
Provisional version

Migration and asylum: mounting tensions in the eastern Mediterranean

Parliamentary Assembly

1. The Parliamentary Assembly refers to its [Resolution 1918 \(2013\)](#) on asylum and migration: mounting tensions in the Eastern Mediterranean.
2. The Assembly considers that the Council of Europe has a role to play in assisting member States in the Mediterranean facing challenges due to the large-scale flow of irregular migrants, asylum seekers and refugees. It is clear that Greece, Turkey and other Mediterranean countries, notwithstanding the steps that they have taken, are unable to deal with the current challenges they face. If they are realistically expected to deal with these challenges, for the benefit of all of Europe, while fully respecting Council of Europe standards, then they will need much greater assistance and support.
3. The Assembly is aware that the European Union has a particular responsibility in this matter, but the Council of Europe should also play a role in the spirit and practice of solidarity.
4. The Assembly therefore recommends that the Committee of Ministers:
 - 4.1. encourage member States to continue the moratorium on returning asylum seekers to Greece, under the Dublin Regulation, in the light of the judgment of the European Court of Human Rights in the case of *M.S.S. v. Belgium and Greece*;
 - 4.2. hold a round table discussion on the issue of resettlement and relocation, in order to propose ideas and solutions, taking into account experiences of countries such as Malta which have been active on the issue and have an experience to share. In this discussion, particular attention could be paid to proposals the Council of Europe could put forward for resettlement and relocation of unaccompanied minors, women and other vulnerable persons;
 - 4.3. examine how member States can assist Greece or other countries in dealing with large backlogs of asylum cases, taking into account the Council of Europe's expertise in the field of administration of justice;
 - 4.4. explore whether innovative pilot projects could be put forward by the Council of Europe for Greece in order to help alleviate the growing racism and xenophobia towards migrants, refugees and asylum seekers, using, *inter alia*, the European Commission against Racism and Intolerance (ECRI) and the European Youth Centres, possibly in co-operation with the Council of Europe's Development Bank.
 - 4.5. examine how member States of the Council of Europe can assist Greece in its important work of dismantling people-smuggling networks;
 - 4.6. encourage member States of the Council of Europe and the European Union to take a stronger stand against countries refusing the return of their nationals who have entered Greece and Turkey without legal authority and are not asylum seekers or refugees.

1. Assembly debate on 24 January 2013 (7th Sitting) (see [Doc. 13106](#), report of the Committee on Migration, Refugees and Displaced Persons, rapporteur: Ms Strik). Text adopted by the Assembly on 24 January 2013 (7th Sitting).